

Women's Health and Maternity care

January

Yearly exams for women save lives

Did you know that January is Cervical Health Awareness Month? HPV (human papillomavirus) is an infection that spreads through sexual activity. HPV is so common that nearly all sexually active men and women get it at some point in their lives, though many don't realize it. HPV is also a cause of cervical cancer, which affects more than 11,000 women in the United States each year. Fortunately, cervical cancer can be cured when found early and treated. Here are a few steps you can take to stay safe and healthy:

- Those in the recommended age group (9-26 years old) can get the HPV vaccine.
 Both girls and boys can get vaccinated.
- For women, start having regular Pap screening tests at age 21.
- > Women 30 years old or older may choose to have an HPV test along with the Pap test.

Sources: Office of Health Promotion and Disease Prevention and Center for Disease Control and Prevention

Trivia time:

How many babies are born around the world each second?

Answer: Approximately 4.5 babies per second!

Cuddle up: caring for your newborn

The experience of breastfeeding offers many benefits to you and your baby. Breast milk is easy to digest and has antibodies that can protect from infections. Breast milk is the best source of nutrition for most infants, and breastfeeding helps a mother's health and healing following childbirth. The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) recommends that breastfeeding continue for at least 12 months, and the World Health Organization recommends up to 2 years of age or beyond.

Bonding with your newborn is important for mother and child right from the start, so try:

- Holding your baby to maintain skin-to-skin contact.
- Initiating breastfeeding within an hour of birth.
- "Rooming in" with your infant to stay together, even at night.

Along with making time for bonding with your newborn, new parents should also be sure infants get important screening tests before going home. Within 48 hours of your baby's birth, a sample of blood is taken from a "heel stick" in order to conduct a newborn screening for treatable diseases. A hearing screening is so easy that babies often sleep while being checked.

Sources: Center for Disease Control and Prevention and Kids Health





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Depression and women: 6 things you should know

Depression is a treatable medical illness that can occur in any woman, for various reasons, regardless of age, race or income. Women experience depression at roughly twice the rate of men, likely due to certain unique biological, hormonal and social factors.

By the numbers:

- Approximately 12 million women in the United States experience clinical depression each year.
- Depression occurs most frequently in women aged 25 to 44.
- Approximately 10-15 percent of all new mothers get postpartum depression, which most frequently occurs within the first year after the birth of a child.

Although well-meaning friends or family members may tell someone with depression to "try to look on the bright side," most people need treatment to feel better, so start by making an appointment to see your doctor or health care provider. Even the most severe cases of depression can be treated with medication, psychotherapy ("talk therapy") or a combination of both.

Sources: National Institute of Mental Health, World Health Organization and Mental Health America

Trivia time: When do babies get their fingerprints?

Answer: By 26 weeks, while the baby is still in the womb!

Six steps for healthier skin

The skin is your largest and most visible organ, so taking care of it is a priority. Try these tips to make yours look and feel better:

- Limit time in the sun. Some sun can be good for you, but avoid being out during peak times.
- Apply sunscreen. Choose formulas with titanium dioxide or zinc oxide, which physically block the sun. Fewer rays mean fewer "age spots."
- > Wear protective clothing. Hats, sunglasses and lightweight clothing offer shade for your face and body.
- Try petroleum jelly to remove makeup. Wipe off the excess with a tissue, leaving a thin layer on the skin to create a barrier and preserve moisture.
- > Avoid smoking, which can wrinkle the skin.
- > Drink enough liquids. Water helps the body absorb nutrients and rehydrate dry skin.

Sources: National Institute on Aging and National Institutes of Health



